

ABSTRACT

A system for measuring the flight of a projectile, comprising a projectile comprising an exterior surface and a set of orientation identifiers distributed over the exterior surface, such that, for every orientation of the projectile, there exists, from any fixed perspective, a unique viewable configuration of a sub-set of the identifiers; means for capturing a first image of the surface of the projectile at a first time, the first image including a first configuration of a first sub-set of the orientation identifiers, means for determining the orientation of the projectile from a first configuration; means for capturing a second image of the surface of the projectile at a second time, the second image including a second configuration of a second sub-set of the orientation identifiers; means for determining the orientation of the projectile from a second configuration; and means for determining the rotational velocity of the projectile in flight from its orientation at the first time and its orientation at the second time. Also describes a method of determining the placement of orientation identifiers on the exterior surface of a projectile. A random set of dots or colored tessellated panels is checked to determine ambiguities in orientation determination, and the set of identifiers is reduced as far as possible in an iterative cycle.

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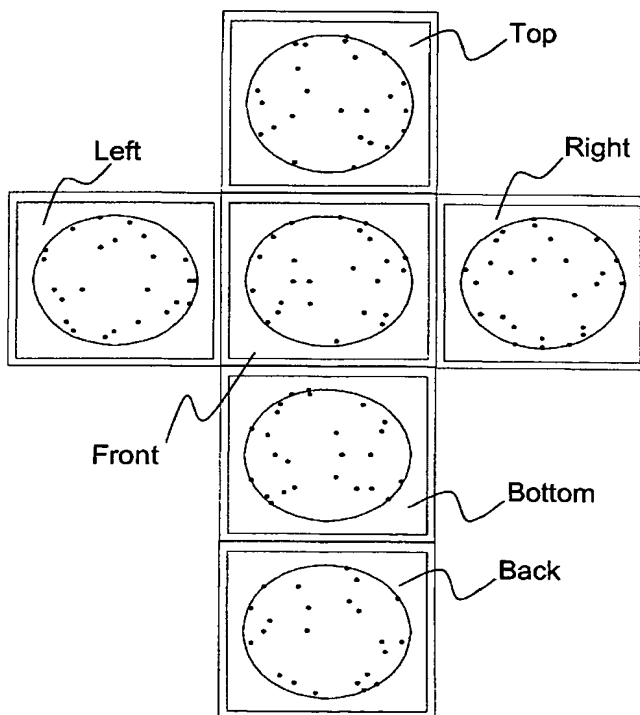
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(54) Title: MARKING OF OBJECTS FOR SPEED AND SPIN MEASUREMENTS

(57) Abstract: A system for measuring the
flight of a projectile, comprising: a projectile
comprising an exterior surface and a set of
orientation identifiers distributed over the
exterior surface, such that, for every orientation
of the projectile, there exists, from any fixed
perspective, a unique viewable configuration of
a sub-set of the identifiers; means for capturing
a first image of the surface of the projectile
at a first time, the first image including a first
configuration of a first sub-set of the orientation
identifiers; means for determining the orientation
of the projectile from the first configuration;
means for capturing a second image of the
surface of the projectile at a second time, the
second image including a second configuration
of a second sub-set of the orientation identifiers;
means for determining the orientation of the
projectile from the second configuration; and
means for determining the rotational velocity
of the projectile in flight from its orientation
at the first time and its orientation at the second
time. Also describes a method of determining
the placement of orientation identifiers on
the exterior surface of a projectile. A random
set of dots or coloured tessellated panels is
checked to determine ambiguities in orientation
determination, and the set of identifiers is reduced
as far as possible in an iterative cycle.